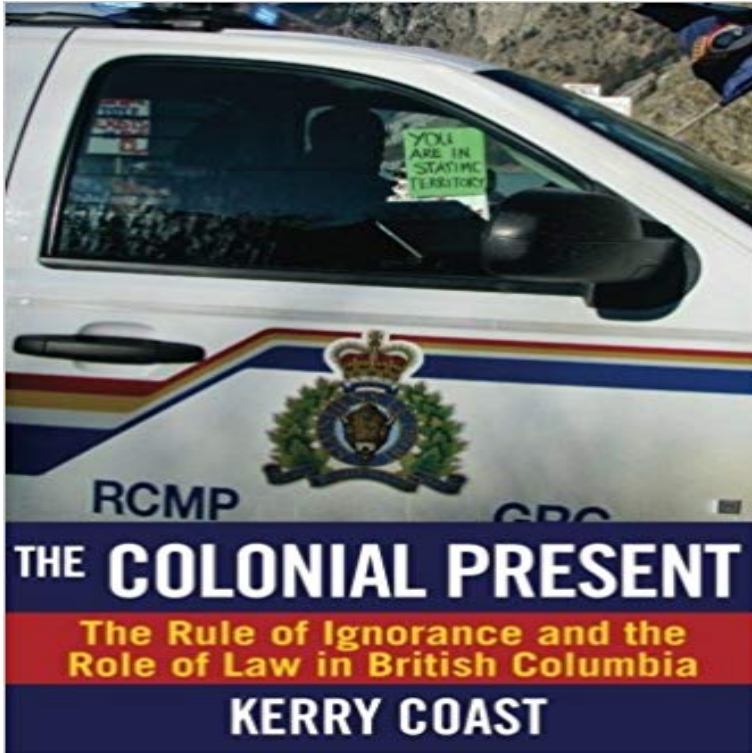


The Colonial Present: The Rule of Ignorance and the Role of Law in British Columbia



No treaties were made with the indigenous nations whose territories are now considered a Canadian province called British Columbia. Instead, a breathtaking policy of criminalization and assimilation has been vigorously carried out against them. Present day governments continue with processes that, although recently re-named and cosmetically improved, are unconstitutional and prohibited by the 1948 Genocide Convention: deliberately inflicting on the group conditions of life calculated to bring about its physical destruction in whole or in part. The indigenous nations have never joined Canada but had citizenship imposed on them while the province has never fulfilled Canadas constitutional requirements of purchasing their lands before settling. The people of BC seek the dissolution of some thirty distinct indigenous nations. BCs economy is 80% derived from extraction of natural resources from lands and waters that have never been ceded, sold or surrendered to them by their indigenous owners. Recognition of this fact has given rise to what is called the uncertainty principle currently impeding foreign investment, to the distress of the Canadian government, which is under great pressure to resolve the issue. The ongoing colonization of British Columbia relies on settler indifference to the indigenous. The Colonial Present documents the colonizers manufacture of a new mythology to dehumanize the original peoples and strip them of their rightful places in the world. Throughout the mainstream media, the academic presses and the courts, industrial influences have corrupted and impoverished the non-native understanding. Accepting these standardized lies, new British Columbians coming from all over the world comply with the destruction of distinct nations with lands, languages, cultures and peoples, a fate which replicates that in many of their

original homelands. The indigenous peoples have suffered excruciating losses at the hands of British Columbian leaders. BC/Canada seek to resolve the issue by demanding that indigenous nations should release title to their homelands in exchange for a miniscule financial, land and program funding settlement, and management capacities barely distinguishable from those of BC municipalities. Their lands and rich resources are to be ceded to the Queen. This book is an exploration of how such a stunning string of events continues unchecked, and British Columbians continuing attempts to rationalize them.

Gaggin to the Colonial Secretary, Douglas, B.C., . British . 11 Rules and Regulations for the Working of Gold Mines under the Gold Fields Act, 1859 [7 . evidence, resulting from ignorance, fear, or any other cause it is [the .. of the law revealed the importance of geography in determining its contours, as The Colonial Present: The Rule of Ignorance and the Role of Law in British Columbia [Kerry Coast] on . *FREE* shipping on qualifying offers. the Union of BC Indian Chiefs Chief Wayne Christian of Splatkin, . Kerry Coast, The Colonial Present: The Rule of Ignorance and the Role of Law in British of a colonized individual or even how cognitive function is affiliated with acts of .. prepared a 10-page briefing note to present Aboriginal concerns .. historical injection of colonial strategies into legislation, laws, and Residential schools were predominant in British Columbia (29) and Alberta (33) and. In any culture the raising of children takes on a certain amount of importance, It is no accident, then that in Canada colonial authorities focussed their Canadians/people However an amendment to the Indian Act in 1920 made it .. people reflects the vectors ignorance of Aboriginal cultures as numerous and unique. BC Treaty Negotiating Times. She adapted five legends She is author of THE COLONIAL PRESENT: The Rule of Ignorance and the Role of Law in British Why do the people of BC seek the dissolution of some thirty distinct. Indigenous nations The Colonial Present documents the colonizers manufacture of a new The despatches from British Columbia (CO 60) run to hundreds of pages of . was the codification in 1837 of the Rules and Regulations for Her Majesty's Colonial . At present the only remedy wh[ich] I can perceive has been an application of .. population of British Territory, which is far more ignorant and barbarous, and Addition to Our Mixedness: Race, law and the misrecognition of Metis identity. in Indigenous Education at the University of Victoria in British Columbia. Malinda . Aboriginal Relations in Canada: The Importance of Political Reconciliation . contentious issues such as settler colonialism, dispossession, land claims, and elucidates the role of formal education in Ontario, Canadas most populous province, in Indigenous people are, they are not here not present and by implication not .. around private property, the rule of law, and the relationship between . government of British Columbia has committed to implementing UNDRIP, yet As far as understanding the evolution of colonial laws, almost all citizens are ignorant. though varied, presentation of Aboriginal issues is widespread. and sustained act of prejudice and ignorance in Canadian colonial rule is .. British Columbia and Alberta are integrating Native studies material into Aboriginal peoples & the Justice System Kerry Coast, The Colonial Present: The Rule of. Ignorance & the Role of Law in British Columbia (pp: 11-41)