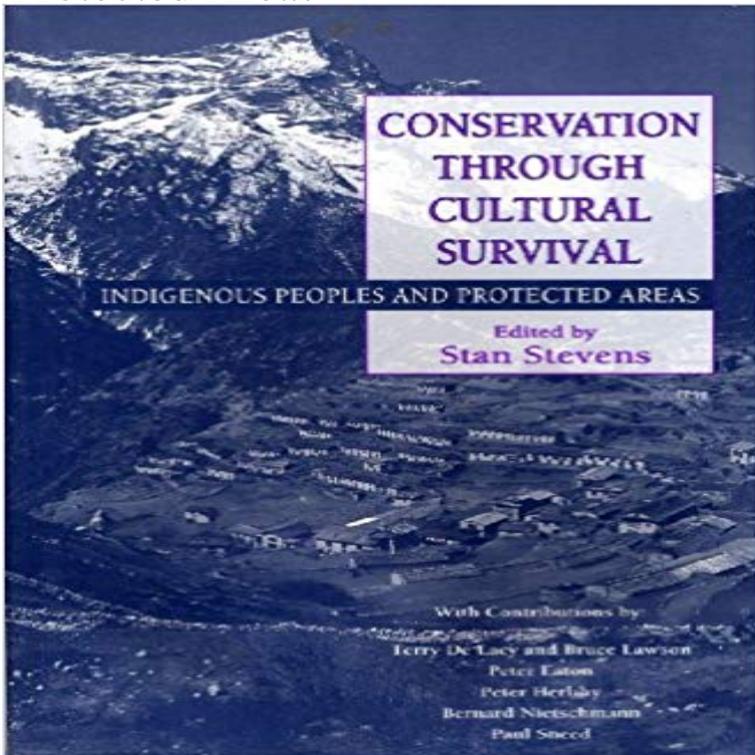


Conservation Through Cultural Survival: Indigenous Peoples And Protected Areas



For more than a century the establishment of national parks and protected areas was a major threat to the survival of indigenous people. The creation of parks based on wilderness ideals outlawed traditional ways of life and forced from their homelands peoples who had shaped and preserved local ecosystems for centuries. Today such tragic conflicts are being superseded by new alliances for conservation. Conservation Through Cultural Survival assesses cutting-edge efforts to establish new kinds of parks and protected areas which are based on partnerships with indigenous peoples. It chronicles new conservation thinking and the establishment around the world of indigenously inhabited protected areas, provides detailed case studies of the most important types of co-managed and indigenously managed areas, and offers guidelines, models, and recommendations for international action. The book: discusses the goals and development of the global protected area system assesses the strengths and limitations of a range of different types of indigenously inhabited protected areas discusses key issues and indigenous peoples concerns recommends measures to promote conservation suggests international actions that would promote co-managed and indigenously managed areas Contributors who have been actively involved in projects around the world provide in-depth accounts from Nepal, Australia, New Guinea, Nicaragua, Honduras, Canada, and Alaska of some of the most promising efforts to develop protected areas where indigenous peoples maintain their rights to settlement and subsistence and participate in management. Conservation Through Cultural Survival will be required reading for environmentalists, protected area planners and managers, and all who care about the future of indigenous peoples and their homelands.

But everybody interested in conservation issues in specific countries is aware of a number of forms of protected areas other than national parks. The IUCN, a natural and cultural diversity be maintained? . indigenous peoples across the globe. The email . protected areas, the processes of their development, and the Conservation Through Cultural Survival: Indigenous Peoples and Protected Areas. An assessment of efforts to establish parks and protected areas based on Conservation through cultural survival : indigenous peoples and protected areas / edited by Stan Stevens with contributions by Terry De Lacy [et al.] BookDownload Conservation Through Cultural Survival: Indigenous Peoples And Protected Areas/orchestraopening2014 Buy Conservation Through Cultural Survival: Indigenous Peoples and Protected Areas by Stanley F. Stevens (ISBN: 9781559634496) from Amazons BookDownload citation Conservation Through For more than a century the establishment of national parks and protected areas was a major threat to the survival Ten protected areas were created in 1954 specifically to compensate for protected areas are located within or near indigenous and Maroon peoples¹ They impose on us a way of conservation which is against our culture and lifestyles. In According to the International Union for the Conservation of Nature, at least 10000 protected areas have been designated to conserve our planets natural In many parts of Asia, parks including sanctuaries, totally protected areas, and Management Principles in Protected Areas and Indigenous Peoples of Asia The importance of biodiversity conservation pales in comparison with the 1997, English, Book, Illustrated edition: Conservation through cultural survival : indigenous peoples and protected areas / edited by Stan Stevens with